1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: ArmorTech TM 462 Fungicide

EPA Reg. No.: 228-626 **Product Type:** Fungicide

Company Name: Nufarm Americas Inc.

11901 S. Austin Avenue

Alsip, IL 60803 1-800-345-3330

Telephone Numbers: For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,

Call CHEMTREC Day or Night: 1-800-424-9300 For Medical Emergencies Only, Call 1-877-325-1840

This product is an EPA FIFRA registered pesticide. Some classifications on this SDS are not the same as the FIFRA label. Certain sections of this SDS are superseded by federal law governed by EPA for a registered pesticide. Please see Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION for explanation.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

HEALTH HAZARDS:

Acute toxicity, oral Category 4
Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 4
Eye irritation Category 2B
Skin irritation Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure Category 2

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Hazardous to aquatic environment, acute Category 2

SIGNAL WORD:

WARNING

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Causes eye and skin irritation. May cause damage to organs (mild anemia and affect the liver and thyroid) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life.





PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Harmful if swallowed. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. If swallowed, call a poison control center or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local and state regulations.

Avoid breathing mist, vapor, or spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. If inhaled, move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear chemical goggles or shielded safety glasses. If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear chemical resistant gloves. If on skin, take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If skin irritation occurs, get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Do not breathe mist, vapor or spray. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENTCAS NO.% BY WEIGHTThiophanate-methyl23564-05-846.2

Other Ingredients Including: 53.8

Propylene Glycol 57-55-6

Synonyms: Thiophanate-methyl; T-Methyl; dimethyl [(1,2-phenylene)bis (iminocarbonothioyl)]

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If in Eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on Skin or Clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Recommended for large fires: foam or water spray. Recommended for small fires: dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Firefighters should wear NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turn out gear. Dike area to prevent runoff and contamination of water sources. Dispose of fire control water later.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: If water is used to fight fire, contain runoff, using dikes to prevent contamination of water supplies. Dispose of fire control water later.

Hazardous Decomposition Materials (Under Fire Conditions): May produce oxides of carbon, nitrogen and sulfur.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Wear appropriate protective gear for the situation. See Personal Protection information in Section 8.

Environmental Precautions: Prevent material from entering public sewer systems or any waterways. Do not flush to drain. Large spills to soil or similar surfaces may necessitate removal of topsoil. The affected area should be removed and placed in an appropriate container for disposal.

Methods for Containment: Dike spill using absorbent or impervious materials such as earth, sand or clay. Collect and contain contaminated absorbent and dike material for disposal.

Methods for Cleanup and Disposal: Pump any free liquid into an appropriate closed container. Collect washings for disposal. Decontaminate tools and equipment following cleanup. See Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS for more information.

Other Information: Large spills may be reportable to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to state and/or local agencies.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING:

Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove clothing/Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

STORAGE:

Store in original container in a dry, temperature controlled area. Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls:

Where engineering controls are indicated by specific use conditions or a potential for excessive exposure, use local exhaust ventilation at the point of generation.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye/Face Protection: Not normally required. To avoid contact with eyes, wear chemical goggles or shielded safety glasses. An emergency eyewash or water supply should be readily accessible to the work area.

Skin Protection: Applicators and other handlers must wear long pants and long-sleeved shirt, shoes plus socks, and chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyvinyl chloride, nitrile rubber or butyl rubber. An emergency shower or water supply should be readily accessible to the work area.

Respiratory Protection: Not normally required. If vapors or mists exceed acceptable levels, wear NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with cartridges/canisters approved for use against pesticides.

General Hygiene Considerations: Personal hygiene is an important work practice exposure control measure and the following general measures should be taken when working with or handling this material: 1) do not store, use and/or consume foods, beverages, tobacco products, or cosmetics in areas where this material is stored; 2) wash hands and face carefully before eating, drinking, using tobacco, applying cosmetics or using the toilet.

Exposure Guidelines:

	OSHA		ACGIH		
Component	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	Unit
Thiophanate-methyl	NE	NE	NE	NE	
Propylene Glycol	10 (WEEL)	NE	NE	NE	mg/m³

NE = Not Established

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:
Opaque liquid
Odor:
No data available
Odor threshold:
No data available
PH:
5-6 (1% solution)
Melting point/freezing point:
No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range
No data available

Flash point: Not applicable due to aqueous formulation

Evaporation rate:

Flammability (solid, gas):

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:

Vapor pressure:

Vapor density:

Relative density:

Solubility(ies):

No data available
No data available
No data available
1.208 g/ml @ 20° C
Dispersible

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:No data availableAutoignition temperature:No data availableDecomposition temperature:No data availableViscosity:273.358 cStk @ 20° C

Note: Physical data are typical values, but may vary from sample to sample. A typical value should not be construed as a guaranteed analysis or as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: This material is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Excessive heat. Do not store near heat or flame. **Incompatible Materials:** Strong oxidizing agents: bases and acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under fire conditions may produce oxides of carbon, nitrogen and sulfur.

Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Potential Health Effects:

Likely Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, ingestion, eye and skin contact.

Eye Contact: Mildly irritating based on toxicity studies.

Skin Contact: Minimally toxic and slightly irritating based on toxicity studies.

Ingestion: Slightly toxic if ingested based on toxicity studies. **Inhalation:** Low inhalation toxicity based on toxicity studies.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Inhalation of product may aggravate existing chronic respiratory problems such as asthma, emphysema or bronchitis. Skin contact may aggravate existing skin disease.

Toxicological Data:

Data from laboratory studies conducted on a similar, but not identical, formulation:

Oral: Rat LD₅₀: 1,750 mg/kg (female) (estimated based on mortalities for doses tested)

Dermal: Rat LD₅₀: >5,000 mg/kg **Inhalation:** Rat 4-hr LC₅₀: >2.05 mg/L **Eye Irritation:** Rabbit: Mildly irritating **Skin Irritation:** Rabbit: Slightly irritating

Skin Sensitization: Not a contact sensitizer in guinea pigs following repeated skin exposure.

Subchronic (Target Organ) Effects: Repeated overexposure to thiophanate methyl may cause mild anemia and affect the liver and thyroid. Overexposure to propylene glycol has been associated with kidney toxicity, liver toxicity (animals) and lactic acidosis. Very high dose acute exposure may result in CNS and cardiac effects.

Carcinogenicity / Chronic Health Effects: Prolonged overexposure to thiophanate methyl may affect the liver and thyroid. Thiophanate methyl produced dose-dependent increases in benign liver tumors in mice and thyroid tumors in rats. Overexposure to propylene glycol has been associated with kidney toxicity, liver toxicity (animals) and lactic acidosis.

Reproductive Toxicity: Thiophanate methyl did not cause reproductive toxicity in multi-generation studies in rats. In the mouse, propylene glycol was not a reproductive toxicant.

Developmental Toxicity: In a rabbit study with thiophanate methyl, slight skeletal variations and decreased fetal weights were observed at doses that were also toxic to mother animals. In a series of animal studies, propylene glycol was not a developmental toxicant.

Genotoxicity: There have been some positive and some negative studies, but the weight of evidence is that thiophanate methyl is not mutagenic. Propylene glycol was consistently nonmutagenic

Assessment Carcinogenicity: None listed with ACGIH, IARC, NTP or OSHA.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Hazards:

Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas

Ecotoxicity:

Data on Thiophanate Methyl Technical:

96-hour LC $_{50}$ Bluegill: >41 ppm Bobwhite Quail 8-day Dietary LC $_{50}$: >10,000 ppm 96-hour LC $_{50}$ Rainbow Trout: 11 ppm Mallard Duck Oral LD $_{50}$: 4,640 mg/kg 48-hour EC $_{50}$ Daphnia: 5.4 ppm 48-hour Honey Bee Contact LD $_{50}$: >100 μ g/bee 96-hour LC $_{50}$ Mysid: 1.1 ppm

Environmental Fate:

Thiophanate methyl degrades primarily to MBC whether on foliage, in soil or in water in a matter of days. Both photolysis and hydrolysis are important routes of degradation. MBC is microbially degraded, but stable to aqueous photodegradation, stable to hydrolysis at pH values ranging from 5 to 7 and stable to soil photolysis. Metabolism under aerobic and anaerobic conditions in both soil and water proceeds at a slow rate. Under application conditions, average half-lives are about 20 to 50 days, but may be as short as a few days with repeated use.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method:

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Handling and Disposal:

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Follow the precautions indicated in Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE of this SDS.

DOT:

< 2 gallons per completed package

Non Regulated

≥ 2 gallons but < 119 gallons per completed package

UN 3082, Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s., 9, III, (thiophanate-methyl), RQ

≥ 119 gallons per completed package

UN 3082, Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s., 9, III, (thiophanate-methyl), RQ, Marine Pollutant,

IMDG

UN 3082, Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s., 9, III, (thiophanate-methyl), Marine Pollutant

IATA

Non Regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPA FIFRA INFORMATION

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. The hazard information required on the pesticide label is reproduced below. The pesticide label also includes other important information, including directions for use.

CAUTION. Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing.

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS

TSCA Inventory: This product is exempted from TSCA because it is solely for FIFRA regulated use.

SARA Hazard Notification/Reporting:

Hazard Categories Under Criteria of SARA Title III Rules (40 CFR Part 370.66):

Immediate and Delayed

Section 313 Toxic Chemical(s):

Thiophanate Methyl (CAS No. 23564-05-8) 46.2% by weight in product.

Reportable Quantity (RQ) under U.S. CERCLA:

Thiophanate Methyl (CAS No. 23564-05-8) 10 pounds

RCRA Waste Code:

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste.

State Information:

Other state regulations may apply. Check individual state requirements.

California Proposition 65: WARNING. This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm.]

16. OTHER INFORMATION

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Hazard Rating:

Rating for this product: Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

Hazards Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) serves different purposes than and DOES NOT REPLACE OR MODIFY THE EPA-ACCEPTED PRODUCT LABELING (attached to and accompanying the product container). This SDS provides important health, safety and environmental information for employers, employees, emergency responders and others handling large quantities of the product in activities generally other than product use, while the labeling provides that information specifically for product use in the ordinary course.

Use, storage and disposal of pesticide products are regulated by the EPA under the authority of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) through the product labeling, and all necessary and appropriate precautionary, use, storage, and disposal information is set forth on that labeling. It is a violation of Federal law to use a pesticide product in any manner not prescribed on the EPA-accepted label.

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